



SE-8256

B. E. III (Sem. V) (T.T./Chemical.) Examination
May / June – 2011

Production & Applications of Colourant &
Auxiliaries

(Institute Elective - II) (New Course)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

Instructions :

(1)

નીચે દર્શાવેલ નિશાનીવાળી વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર અવશ્ય લખવી. Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.	Seat No. :
Name of the Examination :	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> B. E. 3 (Sem. 5) (T.T./Chemical.)	<input type="text"/>
Name of the Subject :	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Production & Applications of Colourant & Auxiliaries	<input type="text"/>
Subject Code No. : <input type="text"/> 8 <input type="text"/> 2 <input type="text"/> 5 <input type="text"/> 6	<input type="text"/>
Section No. (1, 2,.....) : <input type="text"/> 1&2	
Student's Signature	

- i) Answers to the **two** sections must be written in **separate** answer books.
- ii) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

SECTION I

- Q.1 a) Answer the following short questions: (10)
- i) Enlist various unit processes.
 - ii) Heavy oils mainly contain _____ in it.
 - iii) Give the structure of H-Acid
 - iv) Give the structure of J-Acid
 - v) Reactive dyes form hydrogen bond with the fibres. True or False. Justify.
 - vi) Define colour.
 - vii) Nitrobenzene on reduction gives _____
 - viii) _____ and _____ fastness properties of direct dyes are poor.
 - ix) Give the structure of Picric acid
 - x) Which nitrating agents are mainly used in nitration?
- b) Describe Dow and Cummene process in detail with chemical reactions. (10)

Q.2 a) Explain coal-tar distillation in detail with neat chart. **(10)**

b) Give definition of colour, intermediates and primaries. **(05)**

OR

Q.2 What is reduction? Explain reduction unit process in detail with suitable examples. **(15)**

Q.3 Write short notes on **any three** of the following. **(15)**

- a) Sulphonation
- b) Witt's Theory
- c) Non – textile uses of dyes.
- d) Chlorination

SECTION II

Q.4 a) Answer the following objective questions. **(10)**

- i) Give two names of printing auxiliaries.
- ii) Name one buffer and one sequestering agent.
- iii) Carrier is used for the dyeing of _____ fibre.
- iv) Quaternary ammonium compounds form cationic surfactants, true or false?
- v) What is HLB?
- vi) Give two commercial examples of wetting agents.
- vii) Give two names of carrier.
- viii) Polyester can be dyed at boiling temperature with the use of _____.
- ix) What is meant by LA-6 and NP- 10?
- x) Give two names of discharging agents.

b) Give the classification of textile auxiliaries. Explain the role of surfactants in textile wet processing by discussing wetting, detergency and emulsification. **(10)**

Q.5 a) Classify and define Cationic surfactants. Explain in detail the chemistry and applications of quaternary ammonium compounds. **(10)**

b) Describe the preparation of Dodecyl benzene sulphonate. **(05)**

OR

Q.5 Discuss the chemistry, preparation, properties and applications of nonionic surface active agents. **(15)**

Q.6 Write short notes on **any three** of the following. **(15)**

a) Leveling Agents

b) Carrier

c) Buffers

d) Discharging agents in printing
